

Homework #8: Solution set

• Problem 5.1

→ Problem statement: Consider a vortex filament of strength Γ in the shape of a closed circular loop of radius R . Obtain an expression for the velocity induced at the center of the loop in terms of Γ and R .

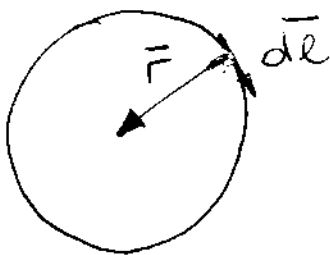
→ Known: R, Γ

→ Unknown: \vec{V}

→ Equations

$$\vec{V} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|^3}$$

→ Diagram



→ Solution

$d\vec{\ell} \times \vec{r} = R d\ell \vec{e}$ where \vec{e} is a unit vector perpendicular to the plane of the loop, directed into the page.

$$\vec{V} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi R^2} \vec{e} \int d\ell = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi R^2} 2\pi R \vec{e} = \frac{\Gamma}{2R} \vec{e}$$

Problem 5.2

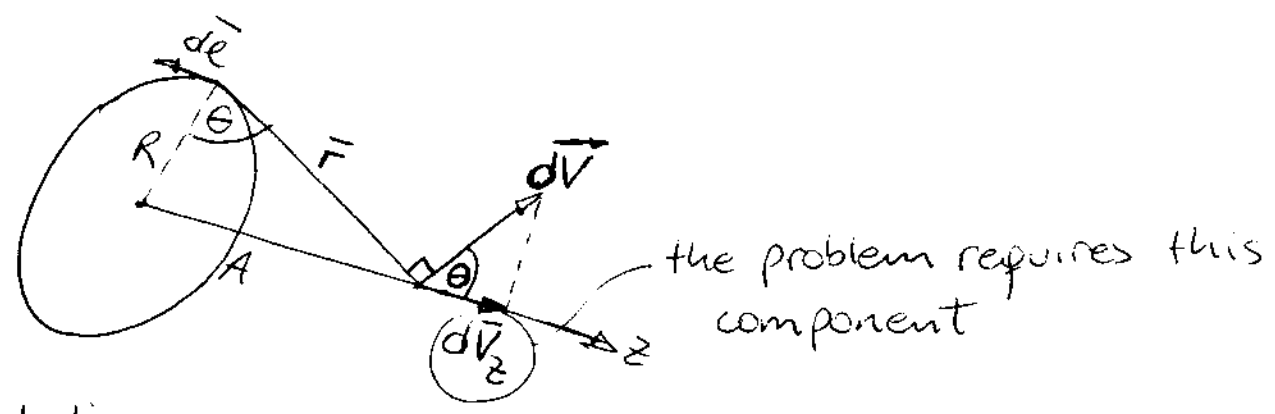
→ Problem statement: Consider the same vortex filament as in prob 5.1. Consider also a straight line through the center of the loop, perpendicular to the plane of the loop. Let A be the distance along this line. Obtain an expression for the velocity at distance A on the line

→ Known: R, Γ, A

→ Unknown \bar{V}

→ Equations
$$\bar{V} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi} \frac{d\bar{l} \times \bar{r}}{|\bar{r}|^3}$$

→ Diagram



→ Solution

Since $d\bar{l}$ and \bar{r} are always perpendicular:

$$d\bar{V} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi} \frac{d\bar{l} \times \bar{r}}{|\bar{r}|^3} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi} \frac{d\bar{l}}{r^2} \quad \text{where } d\bar{l} \times \bar{r} = |d\bar{l}| |\bar{r}| \sin 90^\circ$$

$$r^2 = R^2 + A^2$$

and $d\bar{V}_z = d\bar{V} \cos \theta$ where $\cos \theta = \frac{R}{\sqrt{R^2 + A^2}}$

$$\bar{V}_z = \int d\bar{V}_z = \int d\bar{V} \cos \theta = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi} \frac{R}{(R^2 + A^2)^{3/2}} \int_0^{2\pi R} d\bar{l}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{V}_z = \frac{\Gamma R}{4\pi (R^2 + A^2)^{3/2}} 2\pi R = \frac{\Gamma R^2}{2(R^2 + A^2)^{3/2}}$$